## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4 December 2019 Version : 8.06



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT
Product code : CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Thinner.

**Uses advised against** 

: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings S.A. 7, Allée de la Plaine Gonfreville l'Orcher 76700 HARFLEUR

France

+33 (0)2 3553 5400

PPG Industries (UK) Ltd 3 Darlington Road Shildon Co Durham DL4 2QP

England

+44 (0) 1388 772 541

Supplied by: Sil-Mid Limited

Roman Park, Roman Way Coleshill, West Midlands B46 1HG. UK T: 01675 432850 E: info@silmid.com

**Emergency Telephone No.** +44 (0)1675 432850 (Monday to Friday, 08:00 – 17:30 – GMT)

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: AeroPSreachEMEA@ppg.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

+44 (0) 1388 772 541

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 1/16

Code : CA 8100C THINNER

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

COMPONENT

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON

SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**Storage**: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Not applicable.

P280, P210, P261, P304 + P340, P303 + P361 + P353, P305 + P351 + P338, P403,

P235

Hazardous ingredients : 

✓ methylpentan-2-one

n-butyl acetate pentane-2,4-dione

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 2/16

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification  Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
<b>∡</b> -methylpentan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH066	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
pentane-2,4-dione	REACH #: 01-2119458968-15 EC: 204-634-0 CAS: 123-54-6 Index: 606-029-00-0	≥10 - ≤19	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### <u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact** 

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 3/16

Code : CA 8100C THINNER Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

COMPONENT

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eve contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with

the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

fighters

Special precautions for fire- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

English (GB) **United Kingdom (UK)** 4/16

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# **6.2 Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 5/16

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4 December 2019

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<b>4</b> -methylpentan-2-one	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 416 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 208 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).
	STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	6/16
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**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## **DNELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
<b>∡</b> -methylpentan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/kg bw/ day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m³	General	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m³	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
n-butyl acctate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
outly o outloxypropionate	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.2 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	24.2 mg/kg bw/ day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	72.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	72.6 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
pentane-2,4-dione	DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Long term Oral	610 mg/m³ 7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers General	Systemic Systemic
	DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation	12 mg/kg bw/day 84 mg/m³	population Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic

**PNECs** 

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	Fresh water	0.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.06 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment	27.5 mg/l	Assessment Factors
		Plant		
	-	Fresh water sediment	8.27 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.83 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	1.3 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
n-butyl acetate	-	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	-	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	-	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	-	Fresh water	0.0609 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.00609 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.419 mg/kg	-
	-	Marine water sediment	0.0419 mg/kg	-
	-	Soil	0.048 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment	50 mg/l	Assessment Factors
pentane-2,4-dione	_	Fresh water	0.026 mg/l	_
portione 2,4 dione	_	Fresh water sediment	0.155 mg/kg dwt	_
	_	Marine water	0.0026 mg/l	_
	_	Marine water sediment	0.0155 mg/kg dwt	_
	_	Soil	0.01582 mg/kg	-
			dwt	
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	1.32 mg/l	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

Ehemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 8/16

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

May be used: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

Not recommended: butyl rubber

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design

requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour

(Type A) and particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment

will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Clear.

Odour : Not available.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : insoluble in water.

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -47.5 to -17.6°C (-53.5 to 0.3°F)

This is based on data for the following ingredient: pentane-2,4-dione. Weighted

average: -76.39°C (-105.5°F)

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: 117.22 to 165°C

Flash point : Closed cup: 23.89°C

**Evaporation rate** : Highest known value: 1.7 (4-methylpentan-2-one) Weighted average:

1.43compared with butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) : liquid

**Upper/lower flammability or** 

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 2.4% Upper: 11.6% (pentane-2,4-dione)

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 9/16

Code : CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

: Highest known value: 2.1 kPa (15.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (4-methylpentan-2-one). Vapour pressure

Weighted average: 1.46 kPa (10.95 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.63 (Air

**Relative density** : 0.86

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 340°C (644°F) (pentane-2,4-dione).

**Decomposition temperature** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.21 cm<sup>2</sup>/s **Viscosity** 

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties** 

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
✓-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	12.3 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
pentane-2,4-dione	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	5.1 mg/l	4 hours

English (GB) **United Kingdom (UK)** 10/16

Code : CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| LD50 Dermal | Rat | 790 mg/kg | - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 570 mg/kg | - |

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
<b>Ø</b> ral	5021.16 mg/kg
Dermal	6959.15 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	17.34 mg/l

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
			Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
 Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	11/16
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Code : CA 8100C THINNER

COMPONENT

C THINNER Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate :

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 12/16

Code : CA 8100C THINNER Date of issue/Date of revision : 4 December 2019

COMPONENT

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
	1.31	-	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
pentane-2,4-dione	0.4	-	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

## **Product**

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

<u>European waste catalogue (EWC)</u>

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

#### **Packaging**

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK)
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Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : None identified.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : None identified.

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 14/16

Code : CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

## **Danger criteria**

**Category** 

**₽**5c

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	15/16
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Code : CA 8100C THINNER

COMPONENT

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4 December 2019

**CA 8100C THINNER COMPONENT** 

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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Acute Tox. 3, H311	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H331	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

## **History**

Date of issue/ Date of

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: 4 December 2019

TEVISION

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Prepared by : EHS Version : 8.06

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